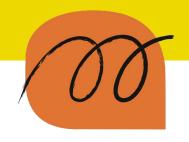
Executing a Public Interest Tech* Research Agenda

Insights from Social Science







Goals

- → Share academic ideas about PIT* (master's tools??)
- → Share my own PIT* research
- → Imagine future PIT* research, together!

What is PIT*?

- Public interest tech
- Civic tech
- Tech ethics
- Tech policy
- Digital rights
- Tech/AI/Data for Good (Aula & Bowles 2023)

- FOSS / Open Source
- Tech for Social Justice
 (Costanza-Chock+ 2018)
- Responsible tech
- Movement tech (<u>Field</u>
 <u>2025</u>)
- ...

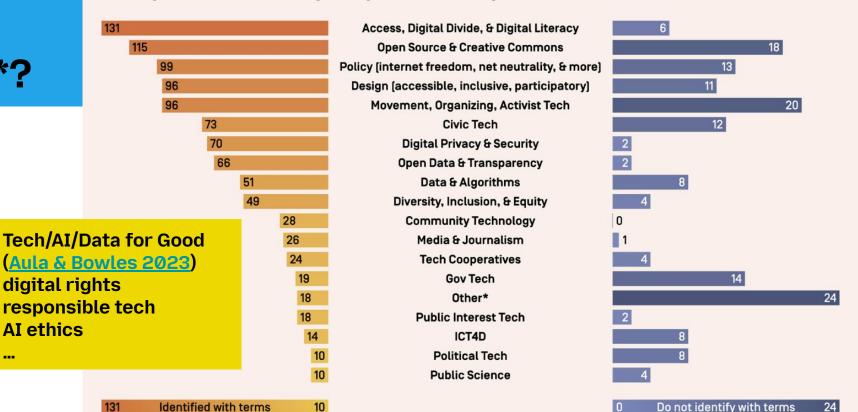


What is

+

Terms practitioners identify with / Do not identify with

Costanza-Chock+ 2018





Why research PIT*?

It is...

- a material societal response to the techlash
- a future tech workforce
- tech / AI ethics in practice
- academic work that enacts a particular theory of change
- decentering the private sector



Things I know

- Various academic~literatures~
- Qualitative research methods
- Experience in academia
- Experience in national US-based advocacy nonprofit org
- Collaborating with grassroots groups
- US-based PIT*

Things I don't know

(but would love to know more about!!)

- PIT* outside USA
- Practicing law
- Government experience
- Corporate experience
- Direct grassroots experience
- ... ∞!



Who are you?

Situating PIT* research

How did we get here?









JOY BUOLAMWINI

How did we get here?

- Weapons of Math Destruction by Cathy O'Neil
- Race Against Technology by Ruha Benjamin
- The AI Con by Emily Bender & Alex Hanna
- The Gender Shades Project by Joy Buolamwini & Timnit Gebru
- "On the Dangers of Stochastic Parrots" by Bender+
- "Oligarchy, State, and Cryptopia" by Julie Cohen
- ...



History of PIT

(not PIT*!)









PIT-UN

PUBLIC INTEREST TECHNOLOGY UNIVERSITY NETWORK



PIT* organizations









coding it forward >



















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PIT* organizations

- Mozilla!
- All Tech is Human
- Technologists for the Public Good
- #BlackTechFutures Research Institute (Fallon Wilson)
- Code for [X] (Schrock 2024)
- Coding it Forward
- AFL-CIO Tech Institute

- Algorithmic Justice League
- DAIR Institute
- Data for Black Lives
- Electronic FrontierFoundation (EFF)
- <u>Fight for the Future</u>
- Center for Democracy & Technology (CDT)
- ..



Relevant bodies of academic knowledge

- Critical data/algorithm studies
- Information science / studies
- Science & technology studies (STS)
- Organizational sociology
- Occupational / professional sociology
- Social movement studies
- Sociolegal studies

- Future of (computer-supported) work
- Nonprofit tech studies (<u>Le</u>
 <u>Dantec</u>, <u>DiSalvo</u>, <u>Darian</u>, <u>Rider</u>,
 <u>Bopp</u>, <u>Voida</u>...)
- Tech policy
- Tech & labor organizing
- Human-Computer Interaction / Human-Computer Design (HCI/HCD)

- ..



Relevant social science methods

- Semi-structured interviews
- Document / content analysis
- Case studies
- Participant observation
- Participatory design
- Participatory action research
- Design Justice (<u>Costanza-Chock 2020</u>s)
- Art! Storytelling! Satire!
- ...



Beware of institutions!!!

- Civil Society (<u>The Revolution will Not Be Funded: Beyond the Nonprofit Industrial Complex</u> by INCITE!)
- Universities (Irani & Silberman 2016)
- Government & legal systems (<u>Galanter 1974</u>; <u>Albiston 2011</u>; Leachman 2014)
- Surveillance bureaucracy (<u>Stop LAPD</u> Spying 2020)
- Data (<u>Crooks & Currie 2021; Pei & Crooks 2023</u>)

- ...

"data can be a useful strategy for making a point or for getting an institution to move, but data is not the point of anything: the point is to get free" -Pei and Crooks 2023, p. 190

"The Revolution will not be NGO-led" -MozFest, Friday!

"Civil society is like plastic. It's invented, it's moldable, and it will never go away for better or for worse... But ultimately I want soil; I want a garden to grow. I don't want plastic."

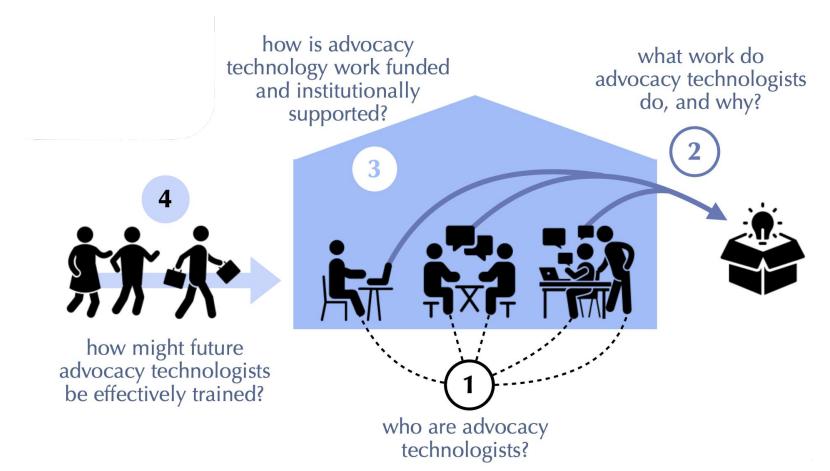
-MozFest, yesterday!





Case Study

Beyond Big Tech: Advocacy Technologists in Mission-Driven Civil Society Organizations





tiny.cc/beyond-big-tech

Beyond Big Tech: Advocacy Technologists within Mission-Driven Civil Society Organizations

LAUREN MARIETTA CHAMBERS, University of California, Berkeley, USA A new class of technology professionals is shaping policy, informing legal arguments, and bolstering advocacy A new class of technology professionals is shaping poucy, informing legal arguments, and bosstering advocacy efforts from inside nonprofit and civil society organizations. This career path might be claimed by a number efforts from inside nonpront and civil society organizations. This career pain might be claimed by a number of different new sociotechnical domains: public interest technology (PIT), civic technology, data for good, of different new sociotechnical domains: public interest technology (PTI), civic technology, data for good, technology for social justice, and others. Yet it is still unclear exactly what professional roles are emerging. technology for social justice, and others. Yet it is still unclear exactly what professional roles are emerging, what sorts of people are filling them, and what such individuals, work looks like and achieves. This work what sorts of people are mining them, and what such individuals work looks like and achieves. This work presents an interview study that seeks to characterize a specific sub-population of technological practitioners presents an interview study that seeks to characterize a specific sup-population of technological practitioners who are contributing materially to mission-driven projects from within the civil society or nonprofit sector: who are contributing materially to mission-driven projects from within the civil society or nonprofit sector: advocacy technologists. I present four patterns of praxis (i.e., professional practices and paradigms) common advocacy technologists: I present tour patterns of praxis (i.e., professional practices and paradigms) common to advocacy technologists: their disposition as critics who interrogate technological paradigms and who to advocacy technologists: their disposition as critics who interrogate technological paradigms and who introspect on their own ethical footprint, and their professional position translating between technical and ntrospect on their own ethical tootprint, and their professional position translating between technical and non-technical worlds and trailblazing into new career paths. These four patterns demonstrate that advocacy non-recunical worsts and transvaring into new career pains. These tour patterns demonstrate that advocacy technologists are choosing to occupy a precarious new niche within advocacy work ecosystems that has great technologists are enousing to occupy a precarious new niche within advocacy work ecosystems that has great potential to impact policy and design outcomes. Indeed, these practitioners enlist computational strategies potential to impact poncy and design outcomes, indeed, these practitioners emist computational strategies to advance advocacy goals, situate deep sociotechnical expertise within policymaking contexts, and further to advance advocacy goats, situate deep sociotecrinical expertise within poncymaking contexts, and number civil society as an active site of tech design in its own right. This study contributes to the growing body civil society as an active site of tech design in its own right. This study contributes to the growing body of literature in human-computer interaction (HCI) and computer-supported cooperative work (CSCW) that on merature in numan-computer interaction (HCI) and computer supported cooperative work (CSCW) that explores computing technologies' role in processes and places of sociopolitical change. Ultimately, this work exprores computing technologies role in processes and piaces of sociopornical change. Unimately, this work proposes that mission-driven civil society organizations and their technologists are not only underexplored. proposes that mission-driven civil society organizations and their technologists are not only underexplored sites for HCl and CSCW research, but also potentially rich collaborators for sociotechnical researchers who seek to deepen their impact on policy and social change.

CCS Concepts: • Social and professional topics → Computing occupations: Project and people man-CCS Concepts: • Social and professional topics → Computing occupations; Project and people management; Computing and business; Computing / technology policy; • Human-centered computing → estimates, vorsporing our recorders; vorsporing reconnectly pourcy; rituman-venters in HCl; · Applied computing → Computers in other domains. Additional Key Words and Phrases: public interest technology, civil society, advocacy, public policy

ACM Reference Format:
Lauren Marietta Chambers, 2025. Beyond Big Tech: Advocacy Technologists within Mission-Driven Civil Lauren Marietta Chambers, 2025, Beyona Big Tech: Advocacy Technologists within Mission-Driven Civil Society Organizations. Proc. ACM Hum.-Comput. Interact. 9, 7, Article CSCW378 (November 2025), 31 pages. 1 Introduction

In March 2020, a coalition including public defenders and civil rights advantage of the coalition including public defenders and civil rights advantage of the coalition including public defenders and civil rights advantage of the coalition including public defenders and civil rights advantage of the coalition including public defenders and civil rights advantage of the coalition including public defenders and civil rights advantage of the coalition including public defenders and civil rights advantage of the coalition including public defenders and civil rights advantage of the coalition including public defenders and civil rights advantage of the coalition including public defenders and civil rights advantage of the coalition of the coalition

beyond big tech:

advocacy technologists in mission-driven civil society organizations

lauren m. chambers | lauren@ischool herkeley.ex lauren m. chambers \ lauren@ischool.berkeley.edu Q questions

க் summary

A new kind of tech worker is contributing materially to mission-driven projects from within nonroll advocacy groups. These interdisciplinary professionals reflect shifting values and new orientations of power around tech and policy. A new kind of tech worker is contributing

background

Over the past two decades, civil society, government, and academic work across domains has seen new tech initiatives - including non-computational domains such as computational domains such as policy. Mean-while, the techlash soured Big Tech's public image and interest in public interest tech has agreement. grown.

***** methods

- 23 semi-structured video interviews, Mar - Oct 2024
- recruited individuals who (1) worked for an advocacy organization and (2) had tech skills or expertise used in service of advocacy
- prioritized domains which have historically not been data- or tech-oriented
- reflexive thematic analysis

results

pathways homegrown critical technologists

career

- came of age alongside the internet (80s/90s) entire careers devoted to sociopolitical uses
 - of tech sociotechnical .. converts
 - began careers in civil society, law, or organizing
 - · came into tech through sociopolitical work
 - (or vice versa)

sociotechnical natives • in their 20s & early 30s

- left college with technical training
- immediately sought sociopolitical work

vity of cross-

- who are the tech experts working inside mission-driven nonprofits?
- how do they operate in their roles?
- what might they tell us about the shifting relationship between tech and advocacy?

patterns of practice

* translating

"back and forth" shining light into black boxes: Tech's smoke & advocacy goals

1 interrogating

rejecting technosolutionism; thinking (esp. in tive Results office and Intersection

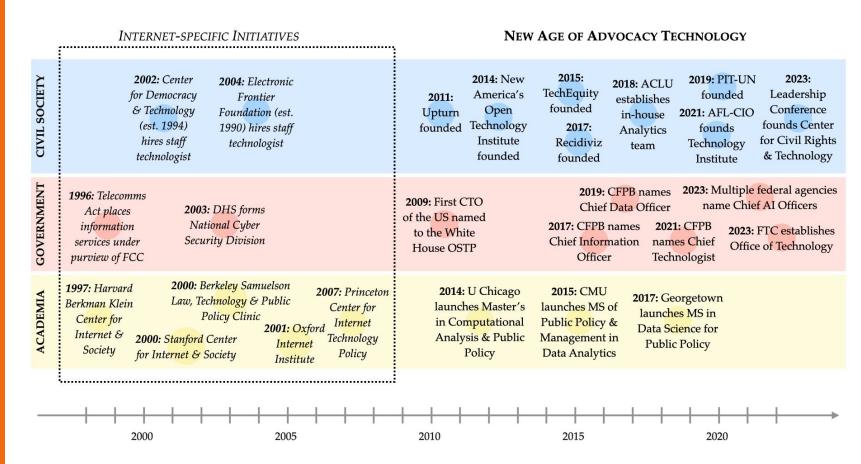
62 introspecting critically evaluating

their own impact, dedication to workplaces, and meaningful and value-aligned their roles in careers, despite

* trailblazing

uncertain paths "a team of one;" isolation whead; lack of and limited ahead; lack of or mentorship professional pipeline







Methods

- 23 semi-structured interviews (<u>Weiss 1995</u>) from Mar Oct 2024
- recruited individuals who:
 - worked for an advocacy group, in almost all cases a mission-driven civil society organization,
 - had technological skills or expertise used in service of that advocacy
- prioritized domains which have historically not been data- or tech-oriented
- honoraria (\$100/hr) provided by Berkeley IRLE
- 60-90 minutes, recorded & transcribed via Zoom
- flexible coding (<u>Deterding & Waters 2021</u>) + reflexive thematic analysis (<u>Braun & Clarke 2006</u>) using MaxQDA



Results: Career Pathways

- 6/23 participants
- began their careers in civil society, law, or organizing
- came into tech through sociopolitical work
- (or vice versa)

sociotechnical converts:

sociotechnical natives

homegrown critical technologists

- 8/23 participants
- came of age alongside the internet (80s/90s)
- entire careers devoted to sociopolitical uses of tech

- 9/23 participants
- in their 20s & early 30s
- left college with technical skillsets (often CS majors)
- immediately sought work on sociopolitical issues

Mozillα Festival

Results: Example work products

- dashboards for food banks
- algorithmic tenant screening policies
- internet standards on E2EE
- state & local anti-surveillance legislation
- in-app ad targeting for refugee services
- streamlined software for government benefits applications
- digital safety & security training for activists / communities
- ... (more detailed paper forthcoming!)



Results: Patterns of Praxis

translating

"back and forth"

(P18) between
advocacy goals and
technical
implementation

shining light into black boxes; seeing past Big Tech's smoke & mirrors

interrogating

resisting "hype" (P15) & "magical" thinking (P21, P22, P23), esp. in the genAI age rejecting technosolutionism; centering "the human beings" (P4) and problems

introspecting

dedication to meaningful careers aligned to "high level vision" (P19), despite lower pay critically evaluating their impact, workplaces, and roles in society: "What are we doing?" (P17)

trailblazing

paths are not "pre-charted" (P1); lack of professional pipeline "if you like math and don't want to do evil" (P19)

"a team of one" (P20); "isolation" (P9) and limited collaboration or mentorship



Discussion

Advocacy technologists are choosing to occupy a precarious new niche within advocacy ecosystems that has great potential to impact policy & design outcomes.



Discussion: Choice

A Genocide Incited on Facebook, With Posts From Myanmar's Military

By Paul Mozur

Oct. 15, 2018

More than 10,500 actors, musicians and authors protest tech's AI data grab

Updated October 22, 2024

As Israel uses US-made AI models in war, concerns arise about tech's role in who lives and who dies

BY MICHAEL BIESECKER, SAM MEDNICK AND GARANCE BURKE

Updated 4:06 AM PDT, February 18, 2025



Amazon workers authorize strike at company's first-ever unionized warehouse

Workers won a headline-grabbing victory in 2022, but remain without a contract.

By Max Zahn

December 13, 2024, 9:40 AM











Discussion: Precarity

- **limited training** interdisciplinary programs; real-world skill-building
- finding & staying in jobs
 obscure job search; uncompetitive pay; limited
 mentorship
- need for external professional development initiatives like Technologists for Public Good; #BlackTechFutures...



Discussion: Policy & Design Impacts

help "policies on the books... actually be implemented" (P18). writing" (P5)

responding to new technical elements of longstanding issues

tech

advocacy

making legible otherwise liminal spaces of technological protest, refutation, and refusal

bringing advocates'
critical voices and expertise
into processes of tech design
& governance



Discussion: A New Niche

"in-house technical capacity" to rectify "the uneven technological expertise among stakeholders"

Mulligan & Bamberger 2018

"recognition of the potentially creative and generative interplay of design, practice, and policy"

Jackson+ 2014

experts to "help individuals and organizations work around imperfect and incomplete data" Bopp+ 2017 "one foot planted in the craft work of design and the other foot planted in the reflexive work of critique" Agre 1997



Forthcoming work

Building software & interfaces

Analyzing data

Researching technologies & technical processes

Publishing data and information online

Writing technical guides and/or analyses

Participating in technical design processes

UX/UR research

Reviewing & modifying internal processes Leading technical trainings

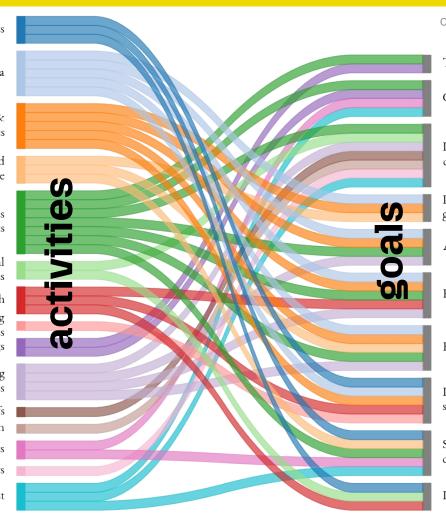
Writing & interpreting laws & policies

Testimony, comments, & briefs Facilitating public political action

Organizing events

Lobbying stakeholders

Nurturing relationships & trust



Chambers, Lauren M. forthcoming

Teach digital safety & security skills

Grow data & technical literacy

Influence government & corporations

Provide transparency into govt. or corp. processes

Assess technical policies

Evaluate solutions

Expose harms

Increase organizational safety & efficiency

Support community capacity building

Increase efficacy of social services

Discussion



what questions about public interest tech* do you / your communities want to answer?



what experts and artifacts might provide insight into this question(s)?

